

Cybersecurity Risk Supervision during COVID-19

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COVID-19 Pandemic Timeline – Singapore

MAS' Guidance to the Industry in response to the COVID-19 Pandemic

23 Jan 2020
Singapore reported its 1st COVID-19 case

9 Feb
MAS advises FIs to adopt recommended measures for DORSCON ORANGE

23 Mar
MAS tells FIs to adopt safe distancing measures

9 Apr

- MAS urges use of digital finance and e-payments to support Covid-19 safe distancing measures
- Covid-linked Cyber Threats

4 May
Vulnerabilities in Common IT Applications and Appliances

7 Feb
DORSCON Orange

20 Mar
Technology Risk Management during Covid-19 Situation

7 Apr
Start of Circuit Breaker

21 Apr
Circuit Breaker measures tightened

Phase 1
Gradual Resumption of Onsite Operations

Cyber Attacks Riding on COVID-19 Bandwagon

Cyber threats arising from **work from home** arrangement

Vulnerabilities in Remote Access and Collaboration Tools (e.g. VPN, Video-conferencing)

Cyber threats targeting **FIs and customers**

Social Engineering (e.g. Business Email Compromise, Phishing)

Technology
Thousands of Zoom video calls left exposed on open Web

Ma
hor
CISA Warns Patched Pulse Secure VPNs Could Still Expose Passwords

By Kurt Mackie | 04/16/2020

The U.S. Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) on Thursday **issued an alert** on a vulnerability in Pulse Secure virtual private network (VPN) products -- yet again.

April 6, 2020

FBI Anticipates Rise in Business Email Compromise Schemes Related to the COVID-19 Pandemic

Fraudsters will take advantage of any opportunity to steal your money, personal information, or both. Right now, they are using the uncertainty surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic to further their efforts.

Business email compromise (BEC) is a scam that targets anyone who performs legitimate funds transfers.

GOOGLE \ TECH \ CYBERSECURITY \

Google saw more than 18 million daily malware and phishing emails related to COVID-19 last week

Existing phishing scams have been updated to exploit COVID-19 concerns

Key Shifts in FIs' Operating Environment

Digitalisation of Financial Services



Work from home



Reliance on digital financial services



FIs and customers' face-to-face interactions



Use of remote access and collaboration tools



Staff for onsite operations

FIs need to ensure sustainability of new business operating model and acceleration of digitalisation



- ❖ Reliance on Technology
- ❖ IT and Cyber Resilience

MAS' Cybersecurity Strategy for Financial Sector

OBJECTIVES

Desired outcomes

Continuous delivery of financial services

Sustainability of IT operations

Cyber Resilience

STRATEGY

Enhance operational, IT and cyber resilience

Supervision



Continuous monitoring – cyber resilience

Regulation and Guidance



Provide guidance to the financial sector on cyber risk management

Surveillance & Info-sharing



Heightened cyber threat intelligence monitoring and surveillance, and information-sharing

Strategic Engagement

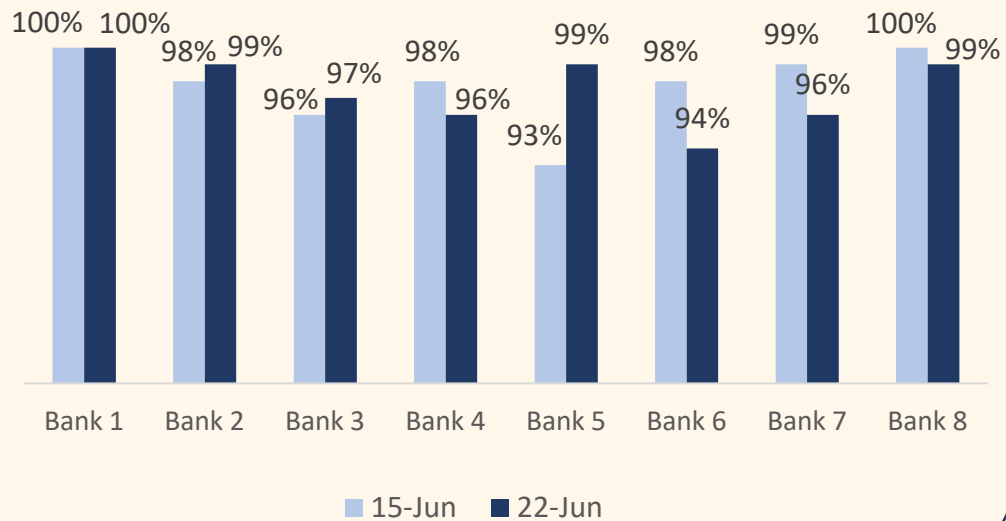


Strengthen collaboration with agencies, global regulators and industry

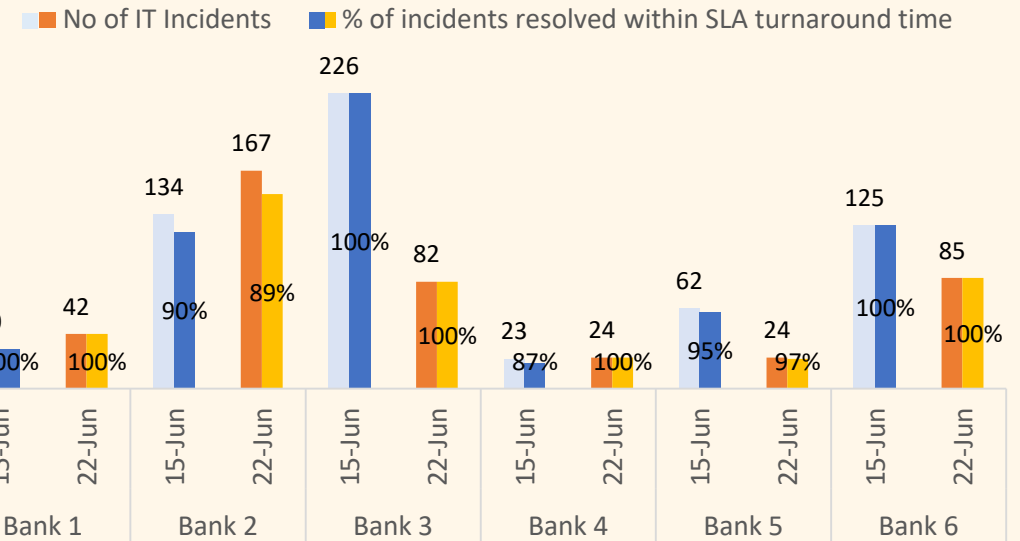
Active Monitoring by MAS

Focus supervision on FIs with systemic impact

Status of Security Patching and Anti-Malware Updates for Laptops/Desktops used for Telecommuting



Number of IT Incidents and Incident Resolution



MAS issued advisories to industry in response to COVID-19



Technology Risk Management during COVID-19

- Implement sound internal controls during split operations and telecommuting
- Apply above measures to outsourced IT services
- Raise staff security and customer awareness of cyber threats



COVID-linked Cyber Threats

- Remain vigilant to cyber threats
- Implement cybersecurity best practices to safeguard IT assets & sensitive data
- Conduct security assessments on remote working technologies



Vulnerabilities in Common IT Applications and Appliances

- Implement measures to address risks from these applications & appliances

MAS plays an active role to shape international cybersecurity standards for financial sector

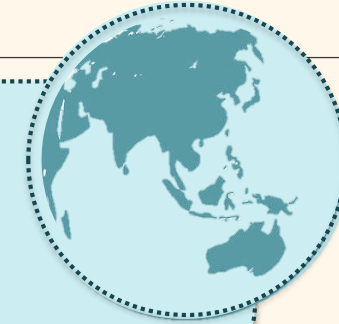
Financial Stability Board (FSB)

Chair

Cyber Incident Response & Recovery Working Group (CIRR)

Member

Cyber Lexicon Working Group (CLWG)



Banking

Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (BCBS)

Co-Chair

Task Force on Financial Technology (TFFT)

Member

Operational Resilience Working Group (ORG)



Payments & Market Infrastructures

Committee on Payments and Market Infrastructures (CPMI)

Co-Chair (2015-17) / Member

Working Group on Cyber Resilience (WGCR)



Securities

International Organization of Securities Commissions (IOSCO)

Member

Cyber Task Force (CTF)



Insurance

International Association of Insurance Supervisors (IAIS)

Member

Financial Crime Task Force (FCTF)

Heightened cyber threat intel monitoring

- Plugged into the **tiered national surveillance framework..**



- Shared relevant intelligence with FIs and peers through **alerts and advisories**

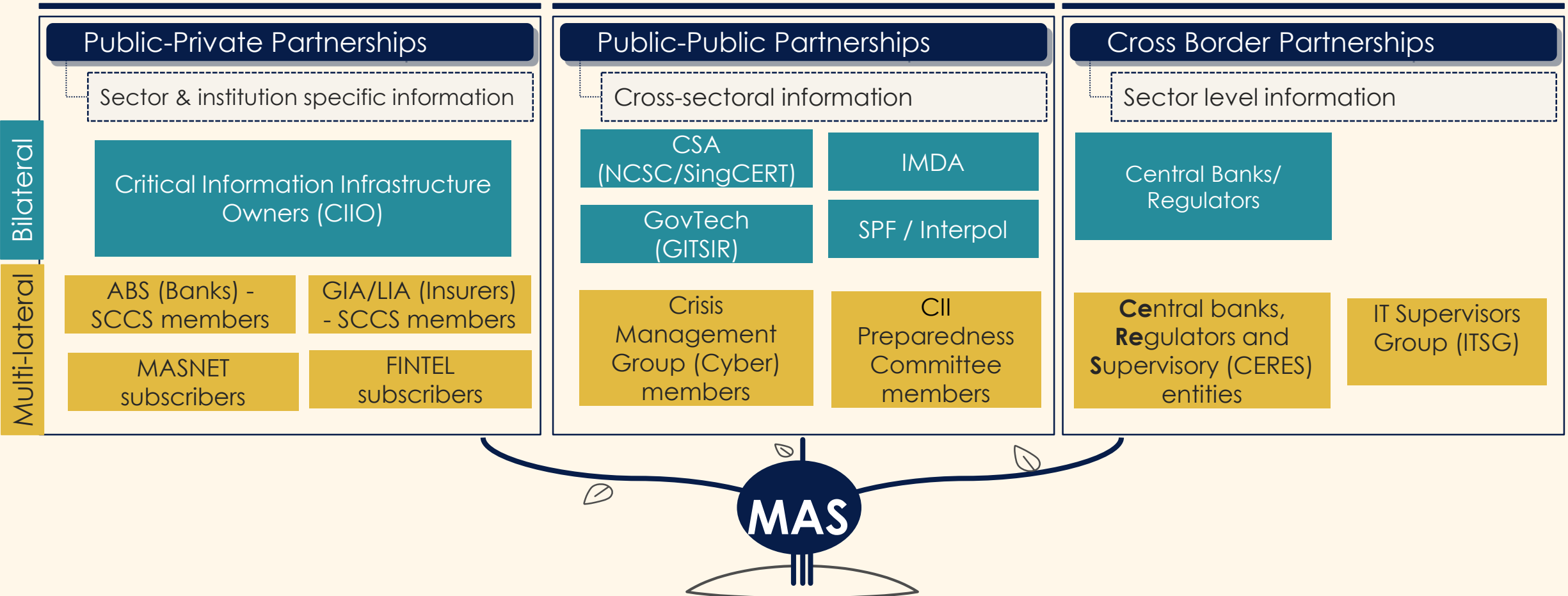


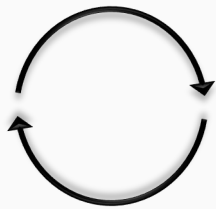
Strengthen Collaboration with Industry, Agencies and Global Regulators

Financial Institutions

Security/Government Agencies

Financial Authorities

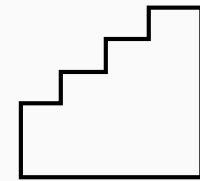




ADAPT



TRANSFORM



ENHANCE

Supervisory Engagement with Key Fls



Review Fls' IT and cyber resilience posture and technology risks related to COVID-19



Availability of internet-facing online services



Remote access and collaboration tools used to support telecommuting



Changes in technology and cyber risk activities due to COVID-19



Remote privileged access to production systems

Metric-driven Supervision

Technology Risk Unified Supervision Tool (TRUST)



FIs' Information Repository



Inspection Management System



Data Processing and Reporting



Straight-through data collection process with data warehouse and data visualisation tools.

Continuous Monitoring of FIs' Resilience Posture

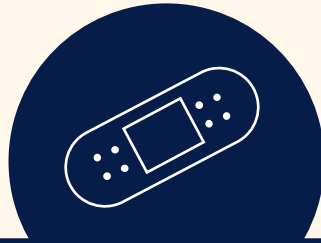


Enhance **key indicators** for continuous monitoring and analysis on FIs' **IT and cyber resilience posture**

Examples:



System and application capacity



System patch management



Technology refresh of critical systems



System conformance to security baselines



Privileged access to production systems



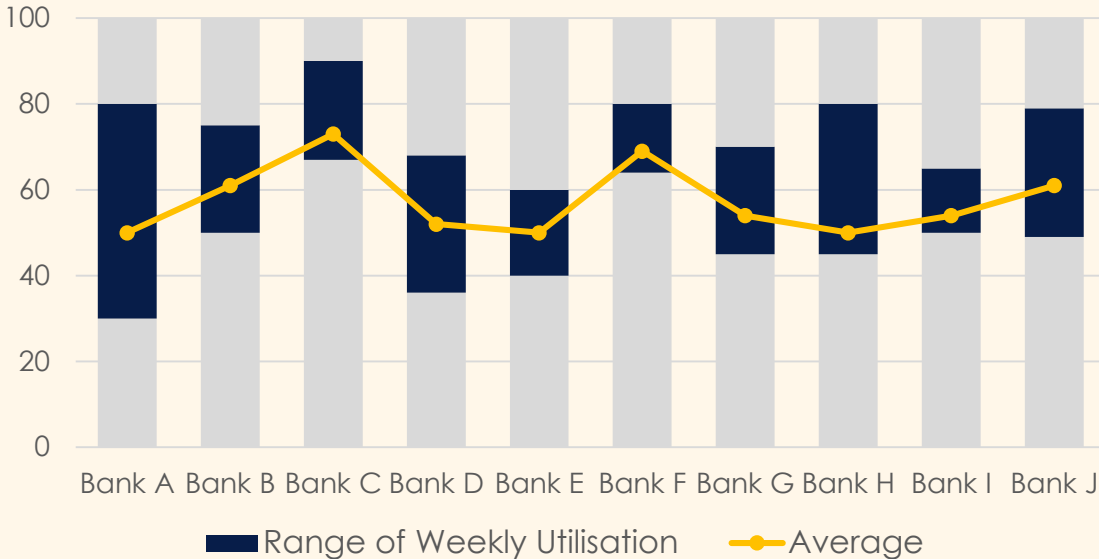
Ops disruption, IT and cyber incidents

Technology Vital Signs

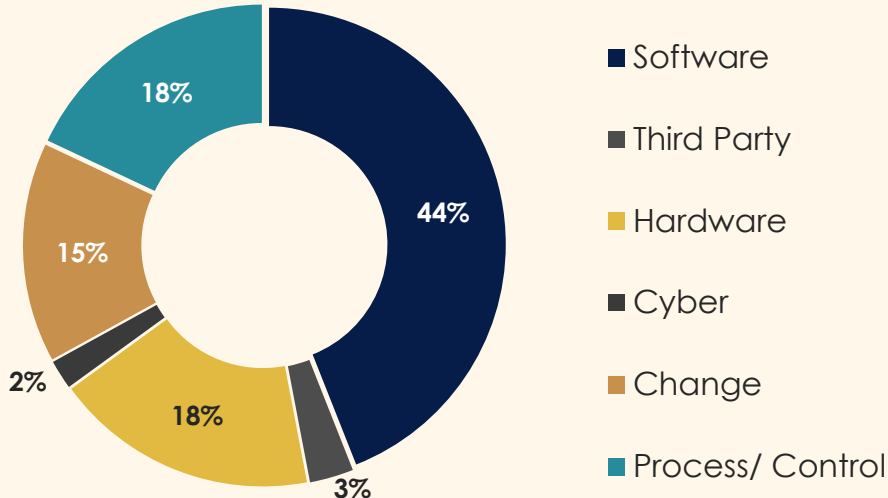


Dashboard to perform trend analysis of FIs' key risk indicators

Critical System Capacity



Root Cause Analysis of Ops Disruption, IT and Cyber Incidents



Identify **institutional and systemic risks** and enhance FIs' IT resilience posture by sharing **common issues observed** and provide **recommendations** to the industry

“We need to ready ourselves for **a new way of living for the foreseeable future.**”

Our lives and approach to stopping transmission must continue to adapt and evolve”

Dr Takeshi Kasai, the WHO's regional director for the Western Pacific

Thank you

